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GRAMMAR

Pronouns

A pronoun is a word used in place of a noun that has already been mentioned. It is used to avoid repetition.

Personal pronouns

Personal pronouns such as I, me, you, him, her, we, they, and them show both person and number.

The personal pronouns he, she, him, and her also show gender.

We use it to refer to things, countries, vehicles, and machines.

Possessive pronouns

Possessive pronouns such as my, mine, your, yours, his, hers, our, ours, it, their, and

theirs are used to show possession and belonging.

We should avoid using its and one's as possessive pronouns except when using them with own. For example:

The house had a life of its own.

Never use s after possessive pronouns, especially with its. It's is a contraction of it is.

Reflexive pronouns

Reflexive pronouns always end in -self or -selves, such as myself, yourself, himself, herself, itself, oneself, ourselves, yourselves, and themselves

They refer back to the subject forms of the personal pronoun